

# Gut Feeling!

Let us take you on the weird and wonderful journey of one boy's breakfast as it gets chomped and chewed in the mouth, pushed through the oesophagus, churned in stomach acids, absorbed in the intestines and greeted by the toilet bowl! This show will unravel the fascinating structure and function of the digestive tract, why 'we are what we eat', what happens to the guts of patients with bowel diseases, and what makes the perfect poo!

Running time: 60 minutes

Maximum group size: 70 on site  
120 in schools

Suitable for: Year 3 – Year 7

The show contains sections on the following:

1. Structure and function of digestive organs.
2. How food is digested.
3. What nutrients are essential for the human body and how they help us grow and function.
4. What happens when the cells inside our guts go wrong.
5. How bacteria in our gut can be helpful to us.



## **Key stage 2 Science curriculum links**

### ***Animals, including humans***

#### **Year 3**

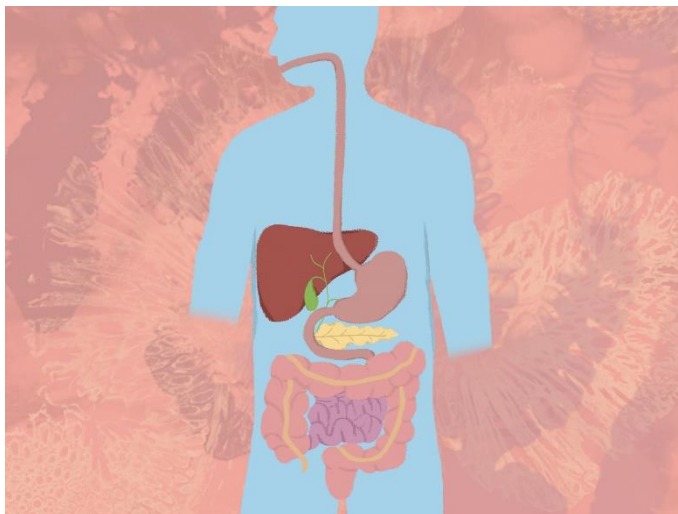
- identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat

#### **Year 4**

- describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans
- Identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions

#### **Year 6**

- recognise the impact of diet on the way their bodies function
- describe the ways in which nutrients and water are transported within animals, including humans



## **Key stage 3 Science curriculum links**

### ***Cells and organisms***

- cells as the fundamental unit of living organisms
- the hierarchical organisation of multicellular organisms: from cells to tissues to organs to systems to organisms

### ***Nutrition and digestion***

- content of a healthy human diet: carbohydrates, lipids (fats and oils), proteins, vitamins, minerals, dietary fibre and water, and why each is needed
- calculations of energy requirements in a healthy daily diet
- the consequences of imbalances in the diet, including obesity, starvation and deficiency diseases
- the tissues and organs of the human digestive system, including adaptations to function and how the digestive system digests food (enzymes simply as biological catalysts)
- the importance of bacteria in the human digestive system

